

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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Tuff-Stone, Master Model Die Stone

Revision Revision date 2016-06-16

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Tuff-Stone, Master Model Die Stone

Tuff-Stone, Master Model Die Stone R243 061616 Product code

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Description Foundry material.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Ransom & Randolph

Address 3535 Briarfield Boulevard.

Maumee, OH 43537 USA

Web www.ransom-randolph.com

Telephone +1 (419) 865-9497 Fax +1 (419) 865-9997 **Email** RR.SDS@dentsply.com

Email address of the competent person

RR.SDS@dentsply.com

USA +1 419 865 9497

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

Company

Ransom & Randolph Co.

07:30 to 16:30 (Eastern Std. / GMT minus 5)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.2. Classification - EC 1272/2008

Carc. 1A: H350:

2.2. Label elements

This substance /mixture has been classified in accordance with the US Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word

Danger **Hazard Statement**

Carc. 1A: H350 - May cause cancer inhalation. **Precautionary Statement:**

Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary Statement: Response

P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.



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Precautionary Statement: Storage	P405 - Store locked up.
Precautionary Statement: Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents/container to local and national regulations
2.3. Other hazards	
Other hazards	Product contains crystalline silica.

Further information

Not applicable. PBT and vPvB assessment.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

67/548/EEC / 1999/45/EC

Chemical Name	Index No.	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration Number	Conc. (%w/w)	Classification	M-factor.
Calcium sulfate (Plaster of Paris)		26499-65-0			70 - 100%		

EC 1272/2008

Chemical Name	Index No.	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration Number	Conc. (%w/w)	Classification	M-factor.
Calcium sulfate (Plaster of Paris)		26499-65-0			70 - 100%		
Silica (cristobalite) >/= 0.1 % conc. < 1.0 %		14464-46-1	238-455-4		0 - 5%	6 Carc. 1A: H350;	

Further information

Full text for all Risk Phrases mentioned in this section are displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Move the exposed person to fresh air.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.
Skin contact	Wash with soap and water.
Ingestion	Drink 1 to 2 glasses of water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation	May cause irritation to respiratory system.		
Eye contact	May cause irritation to eyes.		
Skin contact	May cause irritation to skin.		
Ingestion	May cause irritation to mucous membranes.		

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Inhalation	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.
Eye contact	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.
Skin contact	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.
Ingestion	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire conditions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning produces irritating, toxic and obnoxious fumes.



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5.3. Advice for firefighters						
	Self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear s	uitable protective clothing.				
SECTION 6: Accidental relea	ase measures					
6.1. Personal precautions, prote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures					
	Avoid raising dust. Wear suitable respiratory equipment when necessary.					
6.2. Environmental precautions						
	No environmental requirements.					
6.3. Methods and material for co	entainment and cleaning up					
	Avoid raising dust. Clean the area using a v containers for disposal.	racuum cleaner. Transfer to suitable, labelled				
6.4. Reference to other sections						
	See section [2, 8 & 13] for further information	on.				
SECTION 7: Handling and s	torage					
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	ıg					
	Avoid raising dust. Ensure adequate ventila ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipm	tion of the working area. In case of insufficient nent.				
	Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where the handling the product.					
7.2. Conditions for safe storage,	including any incompatibilities					
	Keep containers tightly closed.					
7.3. Specific end use(s)						
	Foundry material.					
SECTION 8: Exposure contr	ols/personal protection					
8.1. Control parameters						
	exposure limits - Crystalline Silica, Cristobal fraction); 10 mg/m3 / [2(% Silica + 2)] TW.					
8.1.1. Exposure Limit Values						
Calcium sulfate (Plaster of Paris)	WEL 8-hr limit ppm: -	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3: -				
	WEL 15 min limit ppm: -	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3: -				
	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3 total 10 inhalable dust:	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3 total - inhalable dust:				
	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3 total 4	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3 total -				
	respirable dust:	respirable dust:				
8.2. Exposure controls						





8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Protective clothing.

Eye / face protection

In case of splashing, wear:. Approved safety goggles. safety glasses with side-shields.



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8.2. Exposure controls

Skin protection -	Wear suitable gloves.
Handprotection	
Respiratory protection	Suitable respiratory equipment.
8.2.3. Environmental exposure	Not normally required.
controls	
Occupational exposure	Appropriate local exhaust ventilation is required.
controls	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Powder
Colour	Off white/Blue
Odour	Mild
pH	6 - 8
Melting point	1450 °C
Relative density	2.4 (H2O = 1 @ 20 °C)
Viscosity	No data available
Partition coefficient	No data available
Autoignition temperature	Not applicable.
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.
Fat Solubility	Not applicable.
Freezing Point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water

9.2. Other information

Conductivity	No data available
Surface tension	No data available
Gas group	Not applicable.
Benzene Content	Not applicable.
	Not applicable.
VOC (Volatile organic	Not applicable.
compounds)	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

	_	_	
10	1	Rea	ctivity

	Not applicable.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
	Stable under normal conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
	No Significant Hazard.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
	Moisture.	

10.5. Incompatible materials

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10.5. Incompatible materials				
	No Significant Hazard.			
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products				
	Hazardous Decomposition Products (silica): Crystalline silica will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid and produce silicone tetrafluoride. Reaction with water or acids generates heat.			

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
Skin corrosion/irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation
Respiratory or skin
sensitisation
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
STOT-single exposure
STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation to skin and mucous membranes.

No irritation expected.

No sensitizaton effects reported.

No mutagenic effects reported.

Known Human Carcinogens (Category 1).

No observed effect level. No observed effect concentration.

No known adverse health effects.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation of respirable crystalline silica

In 1997, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However it pointed out that not all industrial circumstances, nor all crystalline silica types, were to be incriminated. (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibers, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France). In June 2003, the European Commission's Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) concluded:

"that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica is silicosis. There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative lung cancer risk is increased in persons with silicosis (and apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk. Since a clear threshold for silicosis development cannot be identified, any reduction of exposure will reduce the risk of silicosis."

(SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final on respirable crystalline silica, June 2003)

There is a body of evidence supporting the fact that increased cancer risk would be limited to people already suffering from silicosis. Worker protection against silicosis should be assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits and implementing additional risk management measures where required (see Section 16).

Aspiration hazard

Repeated or prolonged exposure

No Significant Hazard.

Inhalation may cause coughing, tightness of the chest and irritation of the respiratory system.

11.1.4. Toxicological Information

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Tuff-Stone, Master Model Die	Fish LC50/96h: 1970.000 mg/l
Stone	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data is available on this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential



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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
	Description and the second state of the second
Doubling coefficient	Does not bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient	
	Tuff-Stone, Master Model Die No data available Stone
12.4. Mobility in soil	F
	Not determined.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB a	
	Not determined.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
	Not applicable.
SECTION 13: Disposal cons	iderations
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
	Dispose of in compliance with all. local and national regulations.
Disposal methods	
	Contact a licensed waste disposal company.
Disposal of packaging	
	Empty containers can be sent for disposal or recycling.
SECTION 14: Transport info	rmation
14.1. UN number	
- Tri Ort Hambol	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.2. UN proper shipping name	The product is not statemen as dangerous is carriage.
· ···=· orr propor compping name	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.4. Packing group	The product is not statemen as dangerous is samage.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.5. Environmental hazards	The product is not stassified as darigorous for samage.
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.6. Special precautions for use	
The openia procadions for ac-	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according	g to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
14.7. Transport in Baix according	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
Further information	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
druiei inioimaton	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
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SECTION 15: Regulatory inf	
•	mental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Regulations	U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:
	CERCLA 103 Reportable Quantity: Dental family of investments is not subject to CERCLA reporting requirements. Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report



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15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

Hazard Category For Section 311/312: Chronic health

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following chemicals subject to Annual Release Reporting Requirements Under SARA Title III, Section 313 (40 CFR 372): None

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ): None

EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Status: All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS

California Proposition 65: This product contains the following substances known to the State of California to cause cancer: cristobalite < 1% (w/w)

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS:

Canadian Environmental Protection Act: All of the components in this product are listed on the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data is available on this product

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

Revision	This document differs from the previous version in the following areas:.	
	2 - 2.2. Label elements.	
Text of Hazard Statements in	Carc. 1A: H350 - May cause cancer .	
Section 3		

Further information

Training

Workers must be informed of the presence of crystalline silica and trained in the proper use and handling of this product as required under applicable regulations.

The information supplied in this Safety Data Sheet is designed only as guidance for the safe use, storage and handling of the product. This information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of publication however no guarantee is made to its accuracy. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process.